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(E)-1-(5-Bromothiophen-2-yl)-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

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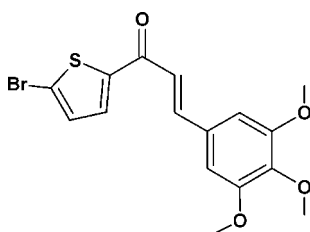
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.074; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.2.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{15}\text{BrO}_4\text{S}$, the dihedral angle between the thiophene and benzene rings is $13.08(16)^\circ$. The C atoms of the *meta* methoxy groups of the substituted benzene ring lie close to the plane of the ring [displacements = $0.049(5)$ and $-0.022(4)$ Å], whereas the *para*-C atom is significantly displaced [$-1.052(4)$ Å]. In the crystal, molecules are linked by weak $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, forming $C(11)$ chains propagating in $[100]$.

Related literature

For general background to chalcones see: Chun *et al.* (2001); Horng *et al.* (2003); Mei *et al.* (2003).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{15}\text{BrO}_4\text{S}$
 $M_r = 383.25$

Orthorhombic, $Pbca$
 $a = 16.8923(7)$ Å

$b = 8.0793(6)$ Å
 $c = 23.6427(17)$ Å
 $V = 3226.7(4)$ Å³
 $Z = 8$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 2.69$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.22 \times 0.15 \times 0.12$ mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis PRO RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.625$, $T_{\max} = 1.000$

17608 measured reflections
2833 independent reflections
1944 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.074$
 $S = 0.99$
2833 reflections

200 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.37$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.30$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C21}-\text{H21}\cdots\text{O6}^i$	0.93	2.46	3.320 (4)	155

Symmetry code: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO CCD*; data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *CAMERON* (Watkin *et al.*, 1993); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6511).

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supplementary materials

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(E)-1-(5-Bromothiophen-2-yl)-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

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Comment

Chalcones are alpha beta unsaturated ketones, widely distributed in nature and are extensively studied for their biological activity (e.g. Chun et al., 2001; Horng et al., 2003; Mei et al., 2003). In this paper we report the crystal structure of the title chalcone derivative, (I) (Fig. 1).

The unit cell contains eight molecules. The five-membered thiophene ring (S2\C19...C22) is not coplanar with the phenyl ring (C10\C11...C15) system; the dihedral angle between the two planes is 13.08 (16)°. The crystal structure displays intermolecular C21—H21...O6 and weak intramolecular C8—H8B...O5 and C9—H9B...O4 hydrogen bonds (Table 1). The packing of molecules in the crystal structure is depicted in Fig. 2.

Experimental

A mixture of 2-acetyl-5-BromoThiophene (0.01 mole) and 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzaldehyde (0.01 mole) were stirred in ethanol (30 ml) and then an aqueous solution of potassium hydroxide (40%, 15 ml) was added to it. The mixture was kept over night at room temperature and then it was poured into crushed ice and acidified with dilute hydrochloric acid. The precipitated chalcone was filtered and crystallized from ethanol to yield colourless prisms of (I).

Refinement

All H atoms were positioned at calculated positions C—H = 0.93Å for aromatic H and C—H = 0.96Å for methyl H and refined using a riding model with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for aromatic and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ for methyl H.

Figures

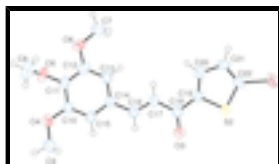


Fig. 1. The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. The H atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radii.

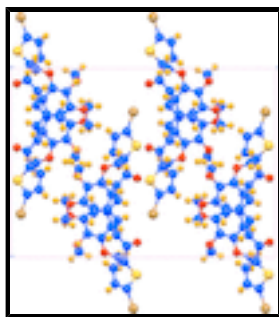


Fig. 2. Packing of the molecules when viewed down the *b* axis.

(E)-1-(5-Bromothiophen-2-yl)-3-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-one

Crystal data

$C_{16}H_{15}BrO_4S$	$D_x = 1.578 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 383.25$	Melting point: 421 K
Orthorhombic, <i>Pbca</i>	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab	Cell parameters from 2833 reflections
$a = 16.8923 (7) \text{ \AA}$	$\theta = 2.4\text{--}25.0^\circ$
$b = 8.0793 (6) \text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 2.69 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$c = 23.6427 (17) \text{ \AA}$	$T = 293 \text{ K}$
$V = 3226.7 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$	Prism, colourless
$Z = 8$	$0.22 \times 0.15 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$
$F(000) = 1552$	

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur diffractometer	2833 independent reflections
Radiation source: Mova (Mo) X-ray Source mirror	1944 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: $16.0839 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$
ω scans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.4^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>Crys.Alis PRO RED</i> ; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)	$h = -20 \rightarrow 20$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.625$, $T_{\text{max}} = 1.000$	$k = -9 \rightarrow 8$
17608 measured reflections	$l = -28 \rightarrow 27$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.074$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0142P)^2]$
$S = 0.99$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2833 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
200 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.37 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.30 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
	Extinction coefficient: 0.00037 (6)

Special details

Experimental. *CrysAlis PRO*, Oxford Diffraction Ltd., Version 1.171.33.55 (release 05–01–2010 CrysAlis171. NET) Empirical absorption correction using spherical harmonics, implemented in SCALE3 ABSPACK scaling algorithm.

IR (KBr) 1653.9, 1597.8, 1071.2, 811.3 cm^{-1} . $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.755–7.806 (s, 2 H, Ar–H), 7.114–7.251 (m, 4H, Ar–H and HC=CH), 3.922–3.942 (s, 9 H, OCH_3).

Geometry. All s.u.'s (except the s.u. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell s.u.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of s.u.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between s.u.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell s.u.'s is used for estimating s.u.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Br1	0.22995 (2)	0.12039 (5)	0.462527 (19)	0.05957 (17)
S2	0.40847 (5)	0.19214 (12)	0.47450 (4)	0.0457 (3)
O3	0.58044 (13)	0.2459 (3)	0.47770 (11)	0.0554 (7)
O4	0.97395 (13)	0.0142 (3)	0.35359 (11)	0.0548 (7)
O5	0.93207 (14)	−0.0951 (3)	0.25109 (10)	0.0536 (7)
O6	0.78125 (15)	−0.1434 (3)	0.22387 (10)	0.0584 (8)
C7	0.7010 (2)	−0.1558 (6)	0.20613 (17)	0.0786 (15)
H7A	0.6988	−0.2054	0.1693	0.118*
H7B	0.6779	−0.0473	0.2047	0.118*
H7C	0.6721	−0.2231	0.2325	0.118*
C8	0.9680 (2)	−0.2507 (5)	0.25738 (19)	0.0836 (16)
H8A	1.0071	−0.2655	0.2283	0.125*
H8B	0.9285	−0.3358	0.2543	0.125*
H8C	0.9929	−0.2572	0.2938	0.125*
C9	0.9990 (2)	0.0853 (5)	0.40581 (16)	0.0609 (12)
H9A	1.0557	0.0825	0.4080	0.091*
H9B	0.9770	0.0233	0.4367	0.091*
H9C	0.9811	0.1979	0.4079	0.091*
C10	0.8948 (2)	0.0080 (4)	0.34261 (15)	0.0413 (9)
C11	0.8748 (2)	−0.0580 (4)	0.29009 (14)	0.0394 (9)
C12	0.7953 (2)	−0.0746 (5)	0.27587 (15)	0.0451 (10)
C13	0.7371 (2)	−0.0232 (4)	0.31290 (15)	0.0433 (10)
H13	0.6841	−0.0355	0.3031	0.052*
C14	0.7572 (2)	0.0468 (4)	0.36467 (15)	0.0379 (9)
C15	0.8364 (2)	0.0618 (4)	0.37962 (14)	0.0420 (9)
H15	0.8502	0.1078	0.4143	0.050*
C16	0.69605 (19)	0.1080 (4)	0.40313 (15)	0.0426 (9)

supplementary materials

H16	0.7133	0.1705	0.4338	0.051*
C17	0.61970 (19)	0.0843 (4)	0.39899 (14)	0.0424 (9)
H17	0.6011	0.0188	0.3695	0.051*
C18	0.5618 (2)	0.1556 (4)	0.43846 (15)	0.0402 (9)
C19	0.47821 (19)	0.1147 (4)	0.42830 (14)	0.0364 (9)
C20	0.4436 (2)	0.0223 (4)	0.38785 (14)	0.0448 (10)
H20	0.4718	-0.0289	0.3590	0.054*
C21	0.3606 (2)	0.0105 (4)	0.39334 (15)	0.0482 (10)
H21	0.3281	-0.0490	0.3690	0.058*
C22	0.3348 (2)	0.0965 (4)	0.43839 (15)	0.0418 (9)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0319 (2)	0.0731 (3)	0.0738 (3)	0.0005 (2)	0.0004 (2)	-0.0001 (3)
S2	0.0331 (5)	0.0599 (7)	0.0441 (6)	0.0009 (5)	0.0020 (4)	-0.0137 (5)
O3	0.0377 (14)	0.0760 (19)	0.0525 (17)	0.0036 (14)	-0.0002 (13)	-0.0232 (15)
O4	0.0358 (15)	0.081 (2)	0.0480 (16)	0.0026 (14)	0.0056 (13)	-0.0046 (15)
O5	0.0545 (16)	0.0651 (18)	0.0411 (15)	0.0098 (15)	0.0226 (14)	0.0057 (14)
O6	0.0559 (17)	0.083 (2)	0.0363 (15)	-0.0106 (16)	0.0095 (14)	-0.0114 (15)
C7	0.066 (3)	0.115 (4)	0.055 (3)	-0.029 (3)	0.000 (3)	-0.023 (3)
C8	0.089 (4)	0.075 (4)	0.086 (4)	0.025 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.003 (3)
C9	0.043 (2)	0.078 (3)	0.062 (3)	-0.010 (2)	-0.008 (2)	0.001 (3)
C10	0.035 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.038 (2)	0.0007 (19)	0.0063 (18)	0.0078 (19)
C11	0.042 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.033 (2)	0.0036 (19)	0.0108 (18)	0.0094 (18)
C12	0.054 (2)	0.047 (2)	0.034 (2)	-0.002 (2)	0.006 (2)	0.0072 (19)
C13	0.034 (2)	0.055 (3)	0.041 (2)	-0.0011 (19)	0.0045 (18)	0.004 (2)
C14	0.037 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.037 (2)	0.0061 (18)	0.0056 (18)	0.0036 (18)
C15	0.039 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0055 (19)	0.0024 (18)	0.0007 (19)
C16	0.040 (2)	0.053 (3)	0.034 (2)	0.005 (2)	0.0021 (18)	-0.0043 (19)
C17	0.036 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.039 (2)	-0.0002 (19)	0.0052 (18)	-0.0038 (19)
C18	0.036 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.036 (2)	0.0041 (19)	0.0008 (18)	0.0045 (19)
C19	0.0360 (19)	0.040 (2)	0.0327 (19)	0.0027 (18)	0.0062 (17)	-0.0003 (18)
C20	0.045 (2)	0.054 (3)	0.036 (2)	-0.001 (2)	0.0046 (18)	-0.0100 (19)
C21	0.045 (2)	0.062 (3)	0.037 (2)	-0.011 (2)	-0.0103 (19)	-0.006 (2)
C22	0.0327 (19)	0.047 (2)	0.045 (2)	-0.0008 (18)	-0.0077 (18)	0.003 (2)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

Br1—C22	1.871 (3)	C10—C15	1.389 (4)
S2—C22	1.695 (3)	C10—C11	1.393 (5)
S2—C19	1.724 (3)	C11—C12	1.390 (5)
O3—C18	1.221 (4)	C12—C13	1.381 (5)
O4—C10	1.363 (4)	C13—C14	1.390 (5)
O4—C9	1.426 (4)	C13—H13	0.9300
O5—C11	1.370 (4)	C14—C15	1.389 (4)
O5—C8	1.404 (4)	C14—C16	1.462 (4)
O6—C12	1.370 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300
O6—C7	1.423 (4)	C16—C17	1.308 (4)

C7—H7A	0.9600	C16—H16	0.9300
C7—H7B	0.9600	C17—C18	1.469 (4)
C7—H7C	0.9600	C17—H17	0.9300
C8—H8A	0.9600	C18—C19	1.470 (4)
C8—H8B	0.9600	C19—C20	1.347 (4)
C8—H8C	0.9600	C20—C21	1.410 (5)
C9—H9A	0.9600	C20—H20	0.9300
C9—H9B	0.9600	C21—C22	1.344 (5)
C9—H9C	0.9600	C21—H21	0.9300
C22—S2—C19	90.97 (17)	C12—C13—C14	120.5 (3)
C10—O4—C9	118.1 (3)	C12—C13—H13	119.7
C11—O5—C8	115.5 (3)	C14—C13—H13	119.7
C12—O6—C7	117.3 (3)	C15—C14—C13	119.6 (3)
O6—C7—H7A	109.5	C15—C14—C16	119.5 (3)
O6—C7—H7B	109.5	C13—C14—C16	120.9 (3)
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	C14—C15—C10	119.8 (3)
O6—C7—H7C	109.5	C14—C15—H15	120.1
H7A—C7—H7C	109.5	C10—C15—H15	120.1
H7B—C7—H7C	109.5	C17—C16—C14	126.9 (4)
O5—C8—H8A	109.5	C17—C16—H16	116.6
O5—C8—H8B	109.5	C14—C16—H16	116.6
H8A—C8—H8B	109.5	C16—C17—C18	123.4 (3)
O5—C8—H8C	109.5	C16—C17—H17	118.3
H8A—C8—H8C	109.5	C18—C17—H17	118.3
H8B—C8—H8C	109.5	O3—C18—C17	123.1 (3)
O4—C9—H9A	109.5	O3—C18—C19	120.4 (3)
O4—C9—H9B	109.5	C17—C18—C19	116.6 (3)
H9A—C9—H9B	109.5	C20—C19—C18	131.1 (3)
O4—C9—H9C	109.5	C20—C19—S2	110.7 (3)
H9A—C9—H9C	109.5	C18—C19—S2	118.1 (3)
H9B—C9—H9C	109.5	C19—C20—C21	113.8 (3)
O4—C10—C15	124.5 (3)	C19—C20—H20	123.1
O4—C10—C11	115.0 (3)	C21—C20—H20	123.1
C15—C10—C11	120.6 (3)	C22—C21—C20	111.1 (3)
O5—C11—C12	119.9 (3)	C22—C21—H21	124.4
O5—C11—C10	120.8 (3)	C20—C21—H21	124.4
C12—C11—C10	119.2 (3)	C21—C22—S2	113.3 (3)
O6—C12—C13	124.6 (4)	C21—C22—Br1	127.0 (3)
O6—C12—C11	115.1 (3)	S2—C22—Br1	119.6 (2)
C13—C12—C11	120.3 (4)		
C9—O4—C10—C15	-2.0 (5)	O4—C10—C15—C14	-178.7 (3)
C9—O4—C10—C11	178.0 (3)	C11—C10—C15—C14	1.3 (5)
C8—O5—C11—C12	-100.4 (4)	C15—C14—C16—C17	-170.3 (4)
C8—O5—C11—C10	84.3 (4)	C13—C14—C16—C17	10.9 (6)
O4—C10—C11—O5	-6.9 (5)	C14—C16—C17—C18	-177.6 (3)
C15—C10—C11—O5	173.1 (3)	C16—C17—C18—O3	1.6 (6)
O4—C10—C11—C12	177.8 (3)	C16—C17—C18—C19	-179.1 (3)
C15—C10—C11—C12	-2.2 (5)	O3—C18—C19—C20	178.5 (4)

supplementary materials

C7—O6—C12—C13	2.8 (5)	C17—C18—C19—C20	-0.8 (6)
C7—O6—C12—C11	-177.0 (3)	O3—C18—C19—S2	-2.1 (5)
O5—C11—C12—O6	5.8 (5)	C17—C18—C19—S2	178.6 (2)
C10—C11—C12—O6	-178.8 (3)	C22—S2—C19—C20	0.5 (3)
O5—C11—C12—C13	-174.0 (3)	C22—S2—C19—C18	-179.1 (3)
C10—C11—C12—C13	1.3 (5)	C18—C19—C20—C21	178.9 (3)
O6—C12—C13—C14	-179.4 (3)	S2—C19—C20—C21	-0.5 (4)
C11—C12—C13—C14	0.4 (6)	C19—C20—C21—C22	0.3 (5)
C12—C13—C14—C15	-1.4 (5)	C20—C21—C22—S2	0.1 (4)
C12—C13—C14—C16	177.4 (3)	C20—C21—C22—Br1	179.2 (3)
C13—C14—C15—C10	0.5 (5)	C19—S2—C22—C21	-0.3 (3)
C16—C14—C15—C10	-178.3 (3)	C19—S2—C22—Br1	-179.5 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C21—H21 \cdots O6 ⁱ	0.93	2.46	3.320 (4)	155

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1/2, y, -z+1/2$.

Fig. 1

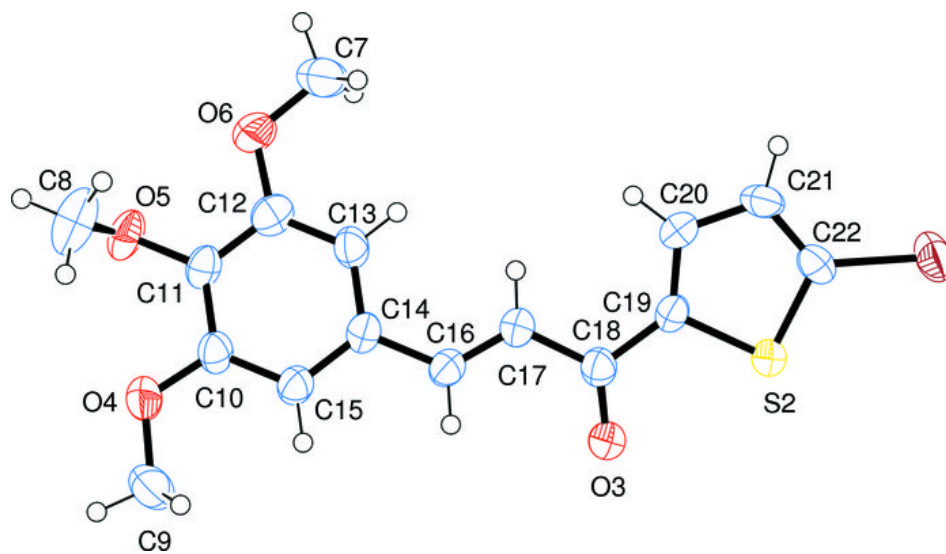


Fig. 2

